

AGENDA REPORT

TO: Mayor Pat Humphrey & the Clare City Commission
FROM: Jeremy Howard, City Manager
DATE: December 29, 2023
RE: Approve 2023 Poverty Exemption Policy & Guidelines and Income Levels

For the Agenda of January 3, 2023

Background Public Act 390 of 1994 requires each governing body to approve a Poverty Exemption Policy & Guidelines to be administered by the municipality's appointed Board of Review. Furthermore, Public Act 390 requires the governing body to annually approve income levels for the Board of Review to follow in their review of property tax poverty exemption applications from owners of residential properties. Public Act 390 along with other applicable bulletins (*att'd*) and regulations from the State Tax Commission provide the federal poverty income levels, the required asset tests, and other procedural requirements for the poverty exemption application.

The City's Assessor has provided the Policy & Guidelines for 2023 (*att'd*) including the federal poverty levels to be used by the Board of Review. The Assessor will assist the City of Clare's Board of Review in their consideration of applications under the provisions of Public Act 390 to ensure compliance.

Issues & Questions Specified Should the Clare City Commission formally approve the Poverty Exemption Policy & Guidelines and income levels?

Alternatives

1. Approve the Poverty Exemption Policy & Guidelines and Income Levels.
2. Do not approve the Poverty Exemption Policy & Guidelines and Income Levels.
3. Defer/delay decision to a subsequently scheduled City Commission meeting.

Financial Impact The financial impact of this requirement of State Law on the City of Clare and the other taxing authorities is not determinable until after any potential applications have been received from residential property owners who qualify for the exemption. However, based upon the very low-income levels required to qualify for exemption along with the rather stringent asset tests that the Board of Review must consider the potential financial impact is negligible.

Recommendations I recommend that the City Commission formally approve the Poverty Exemption Policy & Guidelines and Income Levels for the upcoming calendar year as required by state law by adoption of Resolution 2023-005 (*att'd*).

Attachments

1. State of Michigan Department of Treasury 11-15-2022 Bulletin 19.
2. Poverty Exemption Policy & Guidelines and Income Levels for 2023.
3. Resolution 2023-005.



STATE OF MICHIGAN
DEPARTMENT OF TREASURY
LANSING

GRETCHEN WHITMER
GOVERNOR

RACHAEL EUBANKS
STATE TREASURER

Bulletin 19 of 2022
November 15, 2022
Procedural Changes for 2023

TO: Assessing Officers and County Equalization Directors

FROM: Michigan State Tax Commission

SUBJECT: Procedural Changes for the 2023 Assessment Year

The purpose of this Bulletin is to provide information on statutory changes, procedural changes and reminders for the 2023 assessment year. Additional guidance may be issued later if any pending legislation is enacted by the end of the year.

A. Inflation Rate Used in the 2023 Capped Value Formula

The inflation rate, expressed as a multiplier, to be used in the 2023 Capped Value Formula is 1.05.

The 2023 Capped Value Formula is as follows:

$$\mathbf{2023\ CAPPED\ VALUE = (2022\ Taxable\ Value - LOSSES) \times 1.05 + ADDITIONS}$$

The formula includes 1.05 because the inflation rate multiplier of 1.079 is higher than 1.05.

B. Federal Poverty Guidelines Used in the Determination of Poverty Exemptions for 2023

Local governing bodies are required to adopt guidelines that set income levels for their poverty exemption guidelines and those income levels **shall not be set lower** by a city or township than the federal poverty guidelines updated annually by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. This means, for example, that the income level for a household of 3 persons shall not be set lower than \$23,030 which is the amount shown on the following chart for a family of 3 persons. The income level for a family of 3 persons may be set higher than \$23,030. Following are the federal poverty guidelines for use in setting poverty exemption guidelines for 2023 assessments:

Size of Family Unit	Poverty Guidelines
1	\$13,590
2	\$18,310
3	\$23,030

Size of Family Unit	Poverty Guidelines
4	\$27,750
5	\$32,470
6	\$37,190
7	\$41,910
8	\$46,630
For each additional person	\$4,720

Note: MCL 211.7u states that the poverty exemption guidelines established by the governing body of the local assessing unit shall also include an asset level test. An asset test means the amount of cash, fixed assets or other property that could be used, or converted to cash for use in the payment of property taxes. The asset test should calculate a maximum amount permitted and all other assets above that amount should be considered as available. Please see STC Bulletin 3 of 2021 for more information on poverty exemptions.

Note: MCL 211.7u allows an affidavit (Treasury Form 4988) to be filed for all persons residing in the residence who were not required to file federal or state income tax returns in the current year or in the immediately preceding year. This includes the owner of the property who is filing for the exemption.

C. Poverty Exemption Important Reminders

It is important for assessors to review and understand the changes to the poverty exemption statute made by Public Act 253 of 2020 and to work with local officials and boards of review to ensure the necessary policies and guidelines are in place and are being followed. The governing body of the local unit may need to revise its policy and guidelines to make sure to comply with the law changes.

The Board of Review shall approve or deny the request for the poverty exemption. The Board of Review is required to follow the policy and guidelines adopted by the local assessing unit in granting or denying a poverty exemption. **The Board of Review is not permitted to deviate from the adopted policy and guidelines** (this is a change to the law in PA 253 of 2020).

Poverty exemption applications can be heard at the March, July, or December Board of Review. However, there can only be **one** Board of Review decision for a specific calendar year; a subsequent Board of Review cannot reconsider a decision already made that year. For example: if an application is denied at the March Board of Review, it may not be reheard by the July or December Board of Review during the same calendar year.

Starting in 2021, to request a poverty exemption, a taxpayer must file:

1. Form 5737 *Application for MCL 211.7u Poverty Exemption*
2. Form 5739 *Affirmation of Ownership and Occupancy to Remain Exempt by Reason of Poverty*

3. All required additional documentation (such as federal/state income tax returns)

Local units are still required to have adopted income guidelines and an asset test. These documents should be in writing and should be made available to taxpayers.

If a taxpayer qualifies for the poverty exemption, the Board of Review can grant a 100%, 50%, or 25% reduction in taxable value. There are no other percentage reductions permitted unless approval is granted to the local unit by the State Tax Commission for additional percentage reductions. The request must comply with the *State Tax Commission Policy Regarding Requests for Percentage Reductions in Taxable Value for Poverty Exemptions* and must be submitted using Form 5738.

The forms and guidance related to the poverty exemption are available on the State Tax Commission's website under the [Poverty Exemption Forms & Policy Related to PA 253 of 2020](#) link.

D. Sales Studies

Equalization study dates are as follows for 2023 equalization:

Two Year Study: April 1, two years prior through March 31, current year
Single Year Study: October 1, preceding year through September 30, current year

For 2022 studies for 2023 equalization the dates are as follows:

Two Year Study: April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2022
Single Year Study: October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2022

Note that the time period revisions apply to all equalization studies, that is: sales ratio studies, land value studies and economic condition factor studies for appraisals. Also note that the revised time period for two-year studies applies to all real property classifications.

E. Property Classification

The State Tax Commission reminds assessors that classification is to be determined annually and is based upon the current use of the property **and not** highest and best use of the property. The Commission is aware that some assessors are still classifying property according to highest and best use and/or are not classifying property on an annual basis. The Commission asks that all assessors take the necessary steps to ensure that all real and personal property is properly classified according to MCL 211.34c.

F. Public Act 660 of 2018, Property Assessing Reform

Public Act 660 of defines the requirements for substantial compliance with the General Property Tax Act, provides timelines for audits and follow-up audits, and details a

process for bringing a local unit into compliance if they remain non-compliant after a follow-up review.

Information on Property Assessing Reform is available on the State Tax Commission's website at www.michigan.gov/statetaxcommission under the Property Assessing Reform link. Any questions concerning Property Assessing Reform should be directed to AssessingReformQuestions@michigan.gov.

Local Unit Requirements

The statute states the requirements that must be met by the local unit beginning in the 2022 tax year. This includes having a published policy for when the assessor's office is accessible to taxpayers; information to taxpayers on how to request inspection or production of records in the assessor's office; and online access to information regarding its assessment services, including, but not limited to, parcel information, land value studies and documentation, and economic condition factors. The full list of requirements can be found in [MCL 211.10g\(1\)](#).

State Tax Commission Guideline 2020-1 breaks down how the Commission will conduct the audit based on the requirements set by MCL 211.10g(1). Guideline 2020-1 separates the statutory requirements into deficiencies (i.e. failure to have what is required by MCL 211.10g(1)) that may result in a finding of noncompliance or that are technical. Assessors should review MCL 211.10g(1) and Guideline 2020-1 and work with local unit officials to ensure that they are able to meet the statutory requirements. [Guideline 2020-1: Audit Procedures](#) is available on the STC website.

Required Training: Assessors and Support Staff

PA 660 states that local units must ensure that support staff is sufficiently trained to respond to taxpayer inquiries. PA 660 also states that local units must require that assessors maintain their certification levels. Support staff is all non-certified staff that are involved in the development of the assessment roll, including field work, and any individual that may supply information from the assessment roll to the public. Certified staff members are required to meet annual continuing education requirements.

The State Tax Commission adopted the following requirements for support staff training at the October 20, 2020 meeting:

1. **Certified Support Staff:** Support staff who are certified will be required to complete their annual continuing education requirements to satisfy this audit requirement. Proof of completion and the required Form 5730 should be attached to the Assessor's Certification of the Assessment Roll and maintained with local unit records.
2. **Uncertified Support Staff:** Beginning in 2022, uncertified support staff will be required to complete training at least once every two years on key updates to assessing to meet this audit requirement. Proof of completion and the required

Form 5730 should be attached to the Assessor's Certification of the Assessment Roll and maintained with local unit records.

Required Training: Board of Review members

PA 660 states that local units **must require** that its board of review members receive board of review training and updates required and approved by the State Tax Commission. Checking to ensure that board of review members are trained is now required as part of the audit of the local unit starting in 2023.

The State Tax Commission has determined that beginning in 2022, Board of Review members will be required to complete Board of Review training at least once every two years to meet this audit requirement.

This training will be offered by the State Tax Commission, or by outside organizations with State Tax Commission approval and use of State Tax Commission approved materials. Proof of completion and the required Form 5731 should be attached to the Board of Review's Certification of the Assessment Roll and maintained with local unit records. Board of Review members will need to make sure they receive proof of completion and that it is provided to the local unit so it can be properly maintained and provided during the audit.

G. Tax Tribunal Small Claims Division Hearings

Assessors should carefully read all notices, orders and other correspondence sent by the Tax Tribunal. Assessors should pay special attention to the Notice of Hearing and ensure they are available at the date and time of the scheduled hearing. It is important to appear at the hearing and to timely file with the Tax Tribunal and serve a copy to the taxpayer of all evidence and documentation you wish to be considered at the hearing.

Assessors representing their local unit in Tax Tribunal hearings need to submit evidence to support the value of the property under appeal. If the assessor is relying on the property record card as evidence of value, the property record card must be for the year(s) being appealed. The complete property record card, including all calculations should be provided; do not submit a property record card that states "calculations too long" and then fail to include the additional calculations. Also, it is important to submit the studies prepared that support the economic condition factor and land value on the record card. Assessors should also be able to explain at the Tax Tribunal hearing how the value shown on the property record card was calculated. More information regarding the Michigan Tax Tribunal, including Tribunal Rules, forms and instructions is available at www.michigan.gov/taxtribunal.

Assessors are also reminded that any change in contact information, including a change in email address, must be submitted to the Tax Tribunal to ensure that all case notifications are received.

H. Qualified Heavy Equipment Rental Personal Property Exemption

Public Act 46 of 2022 was signed by the Governor on March 23, 2022. The Act creates MCL 211.9p which provides an exemption for qualified heavy equipment rental personal property beginning December 31, 2022. This exemption is not mandatory and may be claimed at the option of the qualified renter. Once qualified for the QHERPP exemption under MCL 211.9p, qualifying personal property will be exempt from ad valorem taxes and instead pay the specific tax as provided by Public Act 35 of 2022 (MCL 211.1121 - 211.1133).

Qualified heavy equipment rental personal property (QHERPP) is defined in MCL 211.9p(8)(f) as any construction, earthmoving, or industrial equipment that is mobile and rented to customers by a qualified renter, including attachments or other ancillary equipment for that equipment. Qualified heavy equipment rental personal property does not include handheld tools or equipment solely designed for industry-specific uses in oil and gas exploration, mining, or forestry.

The exemption must be claimed annually with the assessor by February 20 (postmark is acceptable) by filing Form 5819 *Qualified Heavy Equipment Rental Personal Property Exemption Claim* and a statement approved by the State Tax Commission of all QHERPP located at and/or rented from the qualified renter business location. If the statement is not delivered to the assessor by February 20, a late application can be filed directly with the March Board of Review where the qualified renter business is located.

Assessors are statutorily required to transmit the information contained in the statement and any other required parcel information to the Department of Treasury no later than April 1 each year. The information must be submitted electronically by emailing to Treas-QHERPP@michigan.gov

More information is available in Bulletin 18 of 2022.

I. 2023 Small Business Taxpayer Personal Property Tax Exemption Changes

Public Act 150 of 2021 was signed by the Governor on December 23, 2021. The Act amends the Small Business Taxpayer Personal Property Tax Exemption (MCL 211.9o) to increase the combined true cash value limit for “eligible personal property” in a local unit from \$80,000 to \$180,000 beginning in 2023. The exemption is required to be claimed with the local unit (city or township where the property is located) by February 21, 2023 (postmark is acceptable) by submitting the completed Form 5076 *Small Business Property Tax Exemption Claim Under MCL 211.9o*. Late filed forms may be filed directly with the 2023 March Board of Review prior to the closure of the March Board.

Personal Property Valued Less Than \$80,000

To claim an exemption for personal property valued less than \$80,000, Form 5076 must be filed with the local unit (City or Township) where the personal property is located no later than February 21, 2023 (postmark is acceptable). Late filed forms may be filed directly with the local unit March Board of Review prior to the closure of the March Board of Review. Taxpayers must contact the local unit directly to determine the March Board of Review dates.

Once the exemption is granted for personal property valued at less than \$80,000, the taxpayer will continue to receive the exemption until they no longer qualify for the exemption. Once they no longer qualify, the taxpayer is required to file a rescission form and a personal property statement no later than February 20th of the year that the property is no longer eligible. Failure to file the rescission form will result in significant penalty and interest as prescribed in MCL 211.9o.

Personal Property Valued Greater than or Equal to \$80,000 but Less than \$180,000

In order to claim an exemption for personal property valued at \$80,000 or more but less than \$180,000, Form 5076 **along with** Form 632 *Personal Property Statement* must be filed **ANNUALLY** with the local unit (City or Township) where the personal property is located no later than February 21, 2023 (postmark is acceptable). Late filed forms may be filed directly with the local unit March Board of Review prior to the closure of the March Board of Review.

J. 2023 ESA Changes

Public Acts 153 through 156 were signed by the Governor on December 23, 2021. These Acts amend the General Property Tax Act, the State Essential Services Act, and the Alternative State Essential Services Act. The Acts change the way that Eligible Manufacturing Personal Property (EMPP) exemptions are claimed and granted, and ESA statements are generated, beginning in 2023.

For 2023 the process of claiming the EMPP exemption remains the same as it has been. **ALL** eligible claimants wishing to receive the EMPP exemption for 2023 will be required to file the Combined Document (Form 5278) with the assessor by February 21 or with the March Board of Review prior to its adjournment. **Taxpayers that do not timely file the Combined Document (Form 5278) will be ineligible to receive the EMPP exemption in 2023.** Assessors will be required to send all information from the Combined Document (Form 5278) to the Department of Treasury via their CAMA software by April 1, as has been the requirement in the past.

Beginning in 2024, eligible claimants that received the EMPP exemption in the previous year will carry the exemption over to the next year. No Combined Document (Form 5278) or other personal property form will be necessary. Eligible Claimants wishing to claim the EMPP exemption on a parcel that did not receive the exemption in the

previous year will need to file a Combined Document by deadline to do so. Taxpayers that no longer qualify for the exemption must file a Form 5277 by the deadline and the assessor remove the exemption from the parcel(s). Assessors must forward the Form 5277 and 5278 information to the Department of Treasury via CAMA software no later than April 1.

K. EMPP and ESA Reminders

In September and October, the ESA Section begins to send out Summary of Changes letters for all taxpayers that have certified their ESA Statement and paid ESA liability in full. Recognizing that manufacturers occasionally move personal property between facilities located in different jurisdictions, a copy of this letter is sent to every local unit in which a taxpayer has reported EMPP if a change on their ESA Statement has been made to *any* parcel located in *any* local unit. This is done to assist each assessor in identifying property that may have been moved in or out of their local unit. Assessors are advised that even if their local unit is not listed on the Summary of Changes letter, it may be prudent to note whether any changes made to a parcel reported in another local unit may affect a parcel located in their local unit.

At times, taxpayers attempt to add a parcel to their ESA Statement that was not previously reported to the Department of Treasury. In these cases, the ESA Section will reach out to the assessor to ask if a Combined Document (Form 5278) was filed for the parcel and, if it was, request a copy of the Form. ESA Staff will also ask for a letter confirming that the EMPP exemption was claimed properly and that the failure to transmit the information to the Department of Treasury was not the fault of the taxpayer. These letters are not used to incriminate an assessor who made a mistake, but rather to add to Treasury files to document why a parcel was added to an ESA Statement after the statement was generated on May 1st.

The ESA Section has received consent judgments entered by the Michigan Tax Tribunal for stipulated agreements between EMPP claimants and the local units in which they have personal property. It is extremely important that any stipulated agreement filed with the Michigan Tax Tribunal indicates that the personal property reported on the parcel meets the definition of “eligible manufacturing personal property,” identifies which eligible manufacturing personal property qualifies for the exemption under MCL 211.9m and MCL 211.9n and directs the Department of Treasury to generate an ESA statement so that the taxpayer may pay ESA on the exempt personal property. Assessors are advised to contact the ESA Section for a list of previous dockets that contained the appropriate requirements.

More information is available in the Assessors Guide to EMPP and ESA available online at www.michigan.gov/propertytaxexemptions.

Further information and guidance on the Eligible Manufacturing Personal Property (EMPP) Exemption, Special Acts and the Essential Services Assessment (ESA) is available at www.michigan.gov/ESA. Additional questions should be sent via email to ESAQuestions@michigan.gov.

L. Omitted or Incorrectly Reported Property (MCL 211.154)

Assessors are reminded that when submitting 154 petitions it is necessary to include complete copies of the property record cards for every year a change is being requested on the petition. For example, if a 154 petition requests a change for 2019 and 2020 the property record card for 2019 and the property record card for 2020 should be submitted. In addition, assessors must submit the calculations and documents needed to understand the reasons for the change and the amount of the requested change in the assessment and taxable values. Additionally, the 154 petition must contain an original signature. The Commission cannot accept electronic signatures or scanned signatures on petitions.

For 154 petitions involving removal of personal property, staff may request verification that the assessor inspected the personal property location or otherwise confirmed that the personal property was disposed of and was not located in the local unit on the applicable tax day. Additionally, staff may inquire as to the extent of the assessor's communication with the taxpayer to confirm that personal property was reported in the new location.

Questions can be directed to the staff at Treas-154petitions@michigan.gov. Additional information, including Bulletin 2 of 2018 and copies of the approved forms, are available online at www.michigan.gov/154petitions.

M. Authority of July and December Boards of Review

Assessors are reminded that the July and December Boards of Review may only act on matters described in MCL 211.53b or expressly permitted by other statutes. This includes qualified errors listed in MCL 211.53b(8), and appeals related to poverty exemptions, qualified agricultural property exemptions, and qualified forest property exemptions.

In addition, other statutes, such as MCL 211.7b related to the disabled veteran's exemption, and MCL 211.7ss related to the eligible development property exemption, provide authority for the July and December Board of Review to take action.

Assessors should carefully review the Board of Review Q&A and Bulletins 13 of 2022 and 14 of 2022 to ensure their Boards of Review are acting within their statutory authorities.

Assessors should not be requesting that the July or December Boards of Review take action outside of the limited authority provided in MCL 211.53b.

Authority Over Principal Residence Exemptions

Public Act 141 of 2022 was signed by the Governor on July 11, 2022. The Act amended Section 211.7cc of the General Property Tax Act, regarding the Principal Residence Exemption. PA 141 eliminated the July and December Board of Review

appeal process in MCL 211.7cc(15) and 211.53b regarding claiming a principal residence exemption for which the exemption was not on the property for the current and previous three years. **The July and December Board of Review have no authority to grant a PRE.** Assessors are asked to ensure that the July and December Boards of Review does not take action related to PRE claims.

N. 2023 State Tax Commission Updates Class

At the August 23, 2022 State Tax Commission meeting, the recommendations of the Education and Certification Committee were approved.

ALL certified assessing officers (MCAO, MAAO, MMAO) and ALL certified assessing technicians (MCAT) must take the 2023 STC Updates Class as part of their continuing education renewal requirements for the renewal cycle beginning November 1, 2022 and ending October 31, 2023.

This class will be available both in-person at various locations across the state and online through the State Tax Commission Online Education Portal at <https://coned.mi-stc.org>. The dates and locations for the in-person classes will be posted to the State Tax Commission website.

O. Online Education Portal and MiSUITE (CERTS) Login

STC Online Education Portal

The State Tax Commission offers a variety of online classes, available free of charge, that provide continuing education credit. The online classes can be accessed at <https://coned.mi-stc.org>. This site is only available to Michigan certified assessors and technicians. If you have an issue with your log in credentials, especially password resets, email State-Tax-Commission@michigan.gov. If you require a password reset, **do not use the Forgotten Your Username or Password link on the page.** Instead, send an email to the State Tax Commission and staff will manually reset your password.

You must complete all requirements of the online course before you will receive your certificate of completion for the course. If a certificate is not emailed to you, then you likely did not complete one or more of the course requirements. The requirements that must be completed are listed at the top of each course and as you complete each one, they will be removed from the list.

Once you have received your certificate, you are responsible for uploading it into the CERTS platform to receive the continuing education credit for the course.

MiSUITE/CERTS

Several updates were released in August to make MiSUITE a more user-friendly and secure platform. These updates include allowing users to request and receive an

automated password reset link, simplified password requirements, and the ability to securely register a device. Additional security measures were also implemented, including password expirations. Passwords will now expire after 90 days. If your password is expired, you will automatically be redirected to an Update Password page upon attempting to log in. Simply create a new password, confirm that password, and click "update."

You can access MiSUITE/CERTS by going to <https://sso.misuite.app>

Assessors can check continuing education hours by logging into the CERTS system and checking your profile page. Total hours remaining to be completed are listed on the profile page in CERTS as well as the completed classes that have been properly logged into the system.

Assessors are responsible for logging their own continuing education hours in CERTS. When logging credit, be sure to pick the correct course, date, location, and upload proof of attendance.

If you have any questions, concerns, or need further assistance, please email Treas-MiSUITEHelp@michigan.gov.

Poverty Exemption Affidavit

This form is issued under authority of Public Act 206 of 1893; MCL 211.7u.

INSTRUCTIONS: When completed, this document must accompany a taxpayer's Application for Poverty Exemption filed with the supervisor or the board of review of the local unit where the property is located. MCL 211.7u provides for a whole or partial property tax exemption on the principal residence of an owner of the property by reason of poverty and the inability to contribute toward the public charges. MCL 211.7u(2)(b) requires proof of eligibility for the exemption be provided to the board of review by supplying copies of federal and state income tax returns for all persons residing in the principal residence, including property tax credit returns, or by filing an affidavit for all persons residing in the residence who were not required to file federal or state income tax returns for the current or preceding tax year.

I, _____, swear and affirm by my signature below that I reside in the principal residence that is the subject of this Application for Poverty Exemption and that for the current tax year and the preceding tax year, I was not required to file a federal or state income tax return.

Address of Principal Residence: _____

Signature of Person Making Affidavit

Date

CITY OF CLARE

POVERTY EXEMPTION POLICY & GUIDELINES (Revised January 2023)

This policy was written in accordance with and governed by MCL 211.7u, as amended.

In order to be eligible for the poverty exemption, the claimant **MUST** do all of the following *on an annual basis*:

1. Own and occupy as your principal residence, as defined in Section 7dd of the General Property Tax Act, the property for which the exemption is requested;
2. File a claim with the Board of Review after January 1st, but before the day prior to the last day of the Board of Review, on a form approved by the State Tax Commission (STC);
3. Provide federal and state income tax returns for all persons residing in the principal residence (also referred to as "household" or "homestead") These income tax returns are those filed in the current year or in the immediately preceding year. If you did not file a Tax Return, then you **MUST** get a statement of benefits paid from the Social Security Administration or Michigan Department of Social Services and/or file an affidavit to affirm you were not required to file a Federal or State Tax Return
4. Produce a valid driver's license or other form of identification.
5. Produce a deed, land contract, or other evidence of ownership of the property for which the exemption is being requested;
6. Meet the federal poverty income guidelines for the household, which are updated annually in the federal register by the United States Department of Health and Human Services; and
7. Meet the **claimant and total household asset** levels set by the City of Marshall.

INCOME & ASSET GUIDELINES FOR POVERTY EXEMPTIONS

If your income exceeds the amounts shown or your assets exceed the amounts shown, you are NOT eligible for a Poverty Exemption.

Income Eligibility Updated Annually by the State Tax Commission

(Income levels are updated annually)

Size of Family Unit	Poverty Guidelines for 2023 BOR
1	\$13,590
2	\$18,310
3	\$23,030
4	\$27,750
5	\$32,470
6	\$37,190
7	\$41,910
8	\$46,630
For Each Additional Person	\$4,720

For a 50% Exemption the income level may be increased to 105% of the Federal Guidelines.
For a 25% Exemption the income level may be increased to 110% of the Federal Guidelines.

Asset Eligibility

Applicants shall not have more than \$15,000 in assets to be eligible for consideration and no more cash than an amount equal to one month's gross household income. Assets do not include the primary residence. Assets do not include 1 automobile per licensed driver residing in the primary residence.

GUIDELINES BY WHICH POVERTY EXEMPTIONS ARE DETERMINED

Completed application form and all required documents and attachments MUST be filed with the City Assessor's Office after January first and before the final meeting of the Board of Review in December.

March 1, for action by the March Board of Review; or

July 1, for action by the July Board of Review; or

December 1, for action by the December Board of Review.

Sign the form when you return it to the Assessor's Office.

NOTE: The filing of a claim constitutes an appearance before the Board of Review. Also, the dates for filing will be updated annually in accordance with the State of Michigan Property Tax Calendar.

1. The Board of Review determines if Income Standards have been met.
2. The Board of Review determines if Asset limits have been met.
3. The Board of Review will consider all revenue and non-revenue producing assets of the owner, co-owner and all members of the household. Any attempt to hide and/or shift assets to another person, business or corporation shall be grounds for denial.
4. Applications must be filed every year. If granted, the exemption is for one year only.
5. Applications will be reviewed by the Board of Review. The Board may ask applicants, or their authorized agents, to be physically present to answer questions. Teleconferencing for the purpose of asking questions of the applicant is allowable if the applicant is not able to attend.
6. Applicants, or their authorized agents, may have to answer questions regarding such subject as financial affairs, health and/or the status of people living in the principal residence at a meeting that is open to the public.
7. All applications will be evaluated based on data and statements given to the Board by the applicant. The Board may also use information gathered from any other source.
8. The Board of Review shall follow the policy and guidelines established herein when granting or denying an exemption.
9. Household income limits are adjusted annually to comply with the Federal Poverty Guidelines.
10. Applicants will be sent a written notice of the Board of Review's final decision. An applicant may appeal the Board of Review's decision to the Michigan Tax Tribunal. An assessor may also appeal the Board of Review's decision. Appeals must be filed with the Michigan Tax Tribunal by the following dates: March Board of Review: by July 31 of the current year. July or December Board of Review: within 35 days of decision.

Date Approved by: January 2nd 2023

RESOLUTION 2023-005

A RESOLUTION OF THE CLARE CITY COMMISSION APPROVING THE POVERTY EXEMPTION POLICY & GUIDELINES AND INCOME LEVELS FOR 2023.

WHEREAS, Public Act 390 of 1994 requires each governing body to approve a Poverty Exemption Policy & Guidelines to be administered by the City's appointed Board of Review in their consideration of granting or denying requests from residential property owners for full or partial exemption of payment of their property taxes; and

WHEREAS, Public Act 390 of 1994 along with other applicable bulletins and regulations issued and administered by the State Tax Commission require municipalities to annually establish income levels to be followed by the Board of Review in their consideration of property tax poverty exemption applications from owners of residential property; and

WHEREAS, Public Act 390 of 1994 also establishes the requirement to include within the poverty exemption guidelines/procedures to be followed by the Board of Review an asset test of the entire household where the poverty exemption is being requested; and

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED that the Clare City Commission hereby approves the Poverty Exemption Policy & Guidelines for 2023 which includes the appropriate federal poverty income levels.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the City Commission directs the City Assessor and Board of Review to administer the City of Clare's Property Tax Poverty Exemption Application process utilizing the Poverty Exemption Policy & Guidelines and income levels for 2023 as required by state law and statute.

ALL RESOLUTIONS AND PARTS OF RESOLUTIONS INsofar AS THEY CONFLICT WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS RESOLUTION BE AND THE SAME ARE HEREBY RESCINDED.

**The Resolution was introduced by Commissioner ____ and supported by Commissioner ____.
The Resolution declared adopted by the following roll call vote:**

YEAS:

NAYS:

ABSENT:

Resolution approved for adoption on this 3rd day of January, 2023.

Diane Lyon, City Clerk